

Band Descriptor	RAF1 – WHAT Understanding and response	RAF2 – HOW Exploration of language, structure and form; effect on the reader	RAF3 – WHY connections (context, intentions & comparisons)
<p>Higher</p> <p>(Mastering– skilled / comprehensive / confident / highly developed / accurate)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Students make accurate and detailed comments showing implicit and explicit understanding of the text ○ Students make clear and detailed point(s) relevant to the task ○ Students select a range of relevant and highly effective textual references/quotations that support comment(s) and are embedded into writing ○ Students develop comprehensive interpretation(s) and/or argument(s) of what is read 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Students begin to show perceptive and original ideas and offer interpretation(s) ○ Students show a clear understanding and analysis of how the writer uses language, structure or form to create meaning ○ Students clearly explore the effect(s) of writers’ choices on the reader (think/feel/imagine) ○ Students use subject terminology accurately and with precision 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Students make comprehensive connections between the text, the writer’s ideas and intentions ○ Students use contextual information to support detailed analysis of the text ○ Students make relevant and developed comparisons of writers' methods and ideas
<p>Intermediate</p> <p>(Securing– Effective / developed / Sound / acquiring)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Students make comments that show an understanding of explicit and some implicit ideas in the text ○ Students mostly make clear/effective point(s) relevant to the task ○ Students select relevant textual references/quotations that support comment(s) ○ Students begin to develop a personal response to what is read 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Students explain ideas and begin to develop interpretation(s) ○ Students explain the writer’s choices and how these create meaning ○ Students explain the effect of the writer’s choices on the reader (think/feel/imagine) ○ Students identify methods using appropriate subject terminology 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Students relate content in a text to the writer's ideas and intentions ○ Students apply specific contextual information to support a secure understanding of the text ○ Students offer some comparative statements to link texts through writers' methods or ideas
<p>Foundation</p> <p>(Developing / Emerging – some / basic / beginning / awareness)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Students begin to show understanding of texts ○ Students make some simple point(s) or comment(s) about what is read (may be unrelated to the task) ○ Students begin to refer to details in the text (may be unrelated to task) ○ Students begin to make a personal comment(s) about what is read 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Students state ideas and begin to explain them ○ Students begin to comment on choices that writers make ○ Students show some awareness that writers make choices to affect the reader ○ Students begin to use some subject terminology 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Students make some simple comment(s) on the writer’s ideas ○ Students begin to refer to the writer’s context ○ Students begin to link texts together

LITTLE HEATH SCHOOL KS3 ASSESSMENT CRITERIA: English

Band Descriptor	WAF1 - content	WAF2 - organisation	WAF3 – technical accuracy
Higher (Mastering–skilled / comprehensive / confident / highly developed / accurate)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Students confidently produce texts which are suited to the task, reader and purpose ○ Students write convincing and/or imaginative texts that engage their reader to make them think/feel/imagine ○ Students select and use ambitious vocabulary for deliberate effect ○ Students skilfully use a range of effective linguistic devices suited to task, reader and purpose 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Students organise and present whole texts effectively, sequencing and structuring them deliberately ○ Students construct a range of cohesive paragraphs, including accurate use of TiPToP and paragraphs to add effect ○ Students vary sentence forms and lengths for clarity, purpose and effect, using a range of sentence openers and conjunctions ○ Students use effective structural features to engage my reader 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Students write with accuracy of grammar, including consistent use of verb tense ○ Students accurately use punctuation to mark phrases and clauses ○ Students use some complex punctuation and punctuation for effect ○ Student’s spellings are accurate for most words, including some more complex vocabulary
Intermediate (Securing– Effective / developed / Sound / acquiring)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Students produce texts which are largely appropriate to the task, reader and purpose ○ Students write texts that engage their reader and have some effect on them ○ Students select appropriate and some effective vocabulary ○ Students use linguistic devices appropriate for their task, reader and purpose 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Students organise and present texts for clarity, sequencing information to guide a reader ○ Students construct clear, cohesive TiPToP paragraphs with some paragraphs used for effect ○ Students vary sentences forms, lengths and openers for clarity and purpose, with a clear range of conjunctions ○ Students use structural features mostly appropriately 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Students mostly write with grammatical accuracy, including mostly consistent use of verb tense ○ Students use basic punctuation correctly ○ Students attempt to use punctuation for effect ○ Student’s spelling is accurate for most words, but may make mistakes with more complex vocabulary
Foundation (Developing / Emerging – some / basic / beginning / awareness)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Students begin to grasp the task/reader/purpose for which they are writing ○ Students write texts with ideas that may interest their reader ○ Students mostly use basic vocabulary but begin to choose some more interesting words ○ Students begin to use linguistic devices 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Students begin to organise and sequence their texts ○ Students begin to use paragraphs, though they might not follow TiPToP rules ○ Students begin to use more than just simple and compound sentences ○ Students begin to use simple structural feature(s) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Students use some correct grammar, but make some errors ○ Students use some full stops and capital letters correctly ○ Students use some other punctuation marks ○ Students spell some words accurately

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Band Descriptor	SAF1 – Individual oracy	SAF2 – Paired/group oracy
Higher (Mastering–skilled / comprehensive / confident / highly developed / accurate)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Students speak with confidence, in detail and with fluency ○ Students structure their delivery for effect on the audience ○ Students adapt their vocabulary and linguistic devices confidently and for deliberate purpose/effect on the audience ○ Students use a range of performance techniques to engage the audience (such as: eye contact, gesture, pace, voice), and use some advanced, highly effective techniques (such as movement, levels, proximity, tone) to create mood, character, etc. ○ Students respond effectively to detailed or extended questions and feedback 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Students explain their ideas/opinions with confidence and in detail within the group ○ Students actively support all group members to participate and take on a variety of roles to contribute to my group’s success ○ Students use a range of non-verbal cues within group work (such as: eye contact, gesture, nodding) to encourage and value others’ contributions
Intermediate (Securing–Effective / developed / Sound / acquiring)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Students speak clearly and can develop ideas, and sometimes speak confidently ○ Students structure their delivery to guide the audience with appropriate sections ○ Students adapt vocabulary and some linguistic devices to suit audience/purpose ○ Students use performance techniques to engage the audience (such as: eye contact, gesture, pace, voice) and may use advanced, effective techniques to suit character, mood, etc. ○ Students respond appropriately to questions and feedback 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Students explain and develop their ideas/opinions for others in the group ○ Students support the participation of all group members and take on roles of responsibility to contribute to their group’s success ○ Students clearly use non-verbal cues within groups to indicate their attention (such as: eye contact, gesture, nodding)
Foundation (Developing / Emerging – some / basic / beginning / awareness)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Students share ideas with others and begin to make their ideas clear to others ○ Students have a beginning, middle and end to guide the audience ○ Students choose some vocabulary to suit their audience/purpose ○ Students begin to use performance techniques meant to engage an audience ○ Students respond to questions in some detail 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Students begin to share their ideas/opinions with others ○ Students make some contributions to the group work ○ Students use some non-verbal cues to show others in the group that they are paying attention (such as: eye contact, gesture, nodding)